REC'D 0 9 MAY 2005 PCT WIPO

Sertifikaat

REPUBLIEK VAN SUID AFRIKA

PATENT KANTOOR DEPARTEMENT VAN HANDEL **EN NYWERHEID**

_TB/05/00-182 Certificate

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

PATENT OFFICE DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND **INDUSTRY**

Hiermee word gesertifiseer dat This is to certify that

the documents attached hereto are true copies of Forms P2, P6, and provisional specification and drawings of South African Patent Application No. 2004/0679 in the names of Eichhorn Robert and Bogdanovic Bogdan

Filed

: 28 January 2004 🗸

Entitled

: Roller

PRIORITY DOCUMENT

COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)

Geteken te

PRETORIA

Signed at

in die Republiek van Suid-Afrika, hierdie

March 2005

in the Republic of South Africa, this

day of

dag van

Registrar of Patents

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA	REGIS	STER C	F PATENTS			PATENTS ACT, 1978	
OFFICIAL APPLICATION	LODGING	DATE	: PROVISION	VAL .	AC	CEPTANCE DATE	
21 04 - 2004/0679	. 22		28 JAN 20	04	47		
TERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION	LODGING	DATE	: COMPLETE		GR	ANTED DATE	
51	23						
FULL NAME(S) OF APPLICANT(S)/PATENTEE(S)							
EICHHORN, ROBERT BOGDANOVIC, BOGDAN		· · · ·	•				
APPLICANTS SUBSTITUTED:					DA	TE REGISTERED	
71							
					!		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
ASSIGNEE(S)					D	ATE REGISTERED	
71							
							
FULL NAME(S) OF INVENTOR(S)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
1. EICHHORN, ROBERT 2. BOGDANOVIC, BOGDAN	v					-	
PRIORITY CLAIMED COUNTRY		NUM	DED		DATE	=	
PRIORITI CEAINED COONIET		NOW	DER		DATE		
N.B. Use International abbreviation for country 33 NIL (see Schedule 4)	-	31	N	IL	32	NIL	
TITLE OF INVENTION		11			1		
54 ROLLER	54 ROLLER						
ADDRESS OF APPLICANT(S)/PATENTEE(S)							
1. 31P THE HATCH, SUNNY ROAD, BENONI, 1501, GAUTENG, SOUTH AFRICA 2. 19 NIGHTINGALE CRESCENT, RAND-EN-DAL, KRUGERSDORP, SOUTH AFRICA							
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE		S&FREF					
74 SPOOR & FISHER	R, SAND	SANDTON			PÄ	136742/P	
PATENT OF ADDITION NO.	DATE	OF AN	Y CHANGE	<u> </u>	1		
61							
FRESH APPLICATION BASED ON	·DATE	OF AN	Y CHANGE				
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRIC PATENTS ACT, 1978

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT

							ΑN			OWLEDGE		RECEIES.C1.04	4	14.0060.00 H
$\dot{\gamma}$							1 1		•	, ,	_	1	HASR 7	11
.é gr	anting o	fap	atent	is her	eby r	request	ed by	the	e unde	ermentione	a applicant			lication filed in duplicate
		,	OFF1	CIAL A	APPL	ICATIO	N NO			-	I	rzzz KEI	S'&F'REFERE	RUE AFRIKA
21	01 .		· 2	00	<u>L</u>	/ 0	6	7	9				PA13674	2/P
FULL NAME(S) OF APPLICANT(S) 1. EICHHORN, ROBERT														
71	1. EIC 2. BO													
								A	DDRE	ESS(ES) OI	F APPLICA	NT(S)		
ADDRESS(ES) OF APPLICANT(S) 1. 31P THE HATCH, SUNNY ROAD, BENONI, 1501, GAUTENG, SOUTH AFRICA 2. 19 NIGHTINGALE CRESCENT, RAND-EN-DAL, KRUGERSDORP, SOUTH AFRICA														
L	<u> </u>	. 410		/ (L	01					FITLE OF IN				
54	ROLI	LER			-					I I I	TATION			
THF 4	\PPLIC4	 \NТ	CLA	MS PF	RIOR	RITY AS	SET	. OI	 10 TL	THE ACC	OMPANYI	NG FORM P.2.	THE EARLIES	T PRIORITY CLAIM IS:
COUN		NI							BER:	NIL	•		DATE:	NIL
P			т,	IIC Ar	יו וסכ	~ATIO	LIS F	<u>۔</u>	<u>Δ</u> .D/	TENT OF	ADDITION	TO PATENT AF	PLICATION NO	D.
			44	no-/\t	- 	21	01	Ť		TENT OF	, NOTTON	····]	
					1		1	i					J	
	THIS-A	PPL	CAT	ION-IS	A-F	RESH	APPL	IC/	<u> 4017</u> 2	1-IN-TERMS	S-OF-SECT	TION-37 AND IS	-BASED ON AF	PLICATION NO.
						21	01		_					
														
THIS AF	PLICA	TION	IIS A	CCON	/PAI	NIED B	Y:							
	1. A sir	ıgle	сору	of a pi	rovisi	ional sp	ecific	atio	on of 6	6 pages.				
\boxtimes	2. Drav	wing	s of	7 she	ets.									
	3. Publication particulars and abstract (Form P.8 in duplicate).													
	4. A copy of Figure of the drawings (if any) for the abstract.													
	5. Assignment of invention.													
	6. Certified priority document.													
	7. Tran	ıslati	on of	the pr	iority	docum	ent.							•
	8. Assi	gnm	ent o	f priori	ty rig	jhts.								
	9. A co	ру о	f the	Form	P.2 a	and the	spec	ifica	ation o	of S.A. Pate	nt Applicat	tion No .		
	10. De	clara	tion :	and po	wer	of attor	ney o	n F	orm F	2. 3.				
	11. Request for ante-dating on Form P.4.													

ADDRESS FOR SERVICE: SPOOR & FISHER, SANDTON 74

12. Request for classification on Form P.9.

13. Form P.2 in duplicate.

Dated: 28 January 2004

14. Other.

 \boxtimes

> SPOOR & FISHER PATENT ATTORNEYS FOR THE APPLICANT(S)

REGISTRAR OF PATENTS DESIGNS, TRADE WARKS AND COPYRIGHT REGISTRATEUR VAN PATENTE, MODELLE,
HANDELSMERKE EN OUTEURSREG

REGISTRAR OF PATENTS

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA PATENTS ACT, 1978

PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION

(Section 30(1) - Regulation 27)

				•						
		OFFICIAL APPLICATION NO.	LODGING DATE							
	21	01 . 2004/0679	22	28 JANUARY 2004						
		·								
	r	FULL NAMES OF APF								
•	71	EICHHORN, ROBERT BOGDANOVIC, BOGDAN								
	L									
		•			*					
		FULL NAMES OF INV	ENTORS							
	72	EICHHORN, ROBERT BOGDANOVIC, BOGDAN								
		•								
TITLE OF INVENTION										
	54	ROLLER								
)										

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

)

This invention relates to a roller and more particularly, but not exclusively to a conveyor idler roller.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the invention a roller includes a shell having an outer surface and an inner surface with a plurality of spaced inwardly projecting shell formations on the inner surface of the shell, and at least one reinforcing member within the shell, the reinforcing member having a plurality of spaced outwardly projecting formations which locate between the inwardly projecting shell formations.

In the preferred form of the invention two reinforcing members are provided, with each reinforcing member having an outer end and an inner end, and with a bearing housing receiving zone located at the outer end within which bearing housing receiving end, a bearing housing is located for rotatably supporting the roller on a shaft.

The bearing housing is preferably an interference fit within the bearing housing receiving zone.

The spaced inwardly projecting shell formations are preferably axially extending fins which preferably project radially inwardly. Similarly the spaced outwardly projecting formations of the reinforcing member are preferably axially extending fins which preferably project radially outwardly. Preferably each fin of the reinforcing member locates between a pair of fins of the shell. In one form of the invention the fins of the shell may thus be in meshing or interlocking engagement with the fins of the reinforcing member. Preferably the fins of the reinforcing member are an interference fit between the fins of the shell.

The fins of the reinforcing member preferably taper inwardly from the outer end to the inner end of the reinforcing member similarly the fins of the shell preferably taper inwardly along their length to facilitate interlocking engagement with the fins of the reinforcing member.

The reinforcing member may include a plurality of spaced inwardly projecting formations which may be axially extending radially inwardly projecting fins for engagement with a core located within the reinforcing member.

The core preferably includes a plurality of spaced outwardly projecting core formations which locate between the inwardly projecting formations of the reinforcing member. The core formations may be axially extending radially outwardly extending fins.

The radially inwardly projecting fins of the reinforcing member and the radially outwardly extending fins of the core may taper along their length to facilitate interlocking engagement of the fins. This interlocking engagement is preferably by way of an interference fit between the fins.

The core may include a hollow tubular section from which the core fins radiate outwardly and through which hollow tubular section the shaft can pass.

The shell is preferably integrally moulded. Likewise the reinforcing members and the cores are preferably each an integral moulding.

In one form of the invention the shell contains a ring projecting inwardly from substantially midway between the ends of the shell, and from which ring the fins extend axially towards opposite ends of the shell.

The fins of the shell preferably taper inwardly from the inner surface of the shell to the tips of the fins. The fins of the reinforcing member preferably have substantially parallel sides.

The scope of the invention extends separately to the shell, the reinforcing member and to the core.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- Figure 1 is a cross-sectional side view of a roller according to the invention;
- **Figure 2** is a perspective view of the shell of the roller;
- Figure 3 is a cross-sectional side view of the shell;
- Figure 4 is an end view of the shell;
- Figure 5 is a perspective view of a reinforcing member of the roller;
- Figure 6 is a cross-sectional side view of the reinforcing member;
- Figure 7 is an end view of the reinforcing member;
- Figure 8 is a perspective view of a core of the roller;
- Figure 9 is a cross-sectional side view of the core; and
- Figure 10 is an end view of the core.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Referring firstly to figure 1, a roller 10 has a shell 12 with two reinforcing members 14 within the shell 12. A core 16 is located within each reinforcing member 14. Each reinforcing member 14 has a bearing housing receiving zone 18 for a bearing housing 20. A shaft 22 is supported within bearings 24 located within the bearing housings 20.

)

Referring now to figures 2 to 4, the shell 12, which is injection moulded from high density polyethylene, has an outer surface 26, over which a conveyor belt (not shown) can run, an inner surface 28, and opposite ends 30. Fins 32 radiate inwardly from the inner surface 28. Each fins 32 tapers outwardly along its length from its respective end 30 of the shell to a central ring 34. In addition each fin 32 tapers inwardly from the inner surface 28 of the shell 12 to a tip 36.

Referring now to figures 5 to 7, each reinforcing member 14 consists of a tubular section 38 with fins 40 radiating outwardly therefrom. The bearing housing receiving zone 18 is located between an inwardly extending ring 44 and an outer end 46 of the reinforcing member 14. The fins 40 taper inwardly along their length from the outer end 46 to an inner end 48 of the reinforcing member 14. The fins 40 have substantially parallel sides and thus do not taper from root to tip in the same fashion as the fins 32 of the shell 12. As with the shell 12, each reinforcing member 14 is injection moulded from high density polyethylene. Fins radiating inwardly from the tubular section between the ring 44 and the inner end 48 are not shown as the core 16 may be omitted as described in more detail below.

Referring now to figures 8 to 10, each core 16 consists of a hollow tubular section 50 with fins 52 radiating outwardly therefrom. Each core 16 is injection moulded from high density polyethylene.

The roller 10 is assembled by pressing the reinforcing members 14 into opposite ends of the shell 12, with the fins 32 and 40 being in meshing or interlocking engagement. The effect of this is that the fins 32 of the shell 12, the fins 40 of the reinforcing members 14, the tubular section 38 of the reinforcing member 14, and the tubular part of the shell 12, together define two solid circular cylindrical regions of high density polyethylene which strengthen the roller 10.

Should it be necessary further to strengthen the roller 10, the cores 16 are pressed into their respective reinforcing members 14. It will be appreciated that the effect of this will be to increase the thickness of the two solid circular

cylindrical regions.

Ĵ

The shaft 22 is then inserted and the bearing housings 20 are located in their respective bearing housing receiving zones 18.

The roller 10 has the advantage that it is relatively light weight. In addition the solid circular cylindrical sections of high density polyethylene provide strength and material which can be worn away by a conveyor belt (not shown) without damage being caused to the belt, which could be the case if the shell was made of steel. A further advantage of the roller 10 is that recycled plastic can be used to mould some or all of the plastic components of the roller 10. This is advantageous from an environmental point of view. A yet further advantage of the roller 10 is that the shell 12, reinforcing members 14 and cores 16 can be injection moulded with low cycle times because of their configuration. Furthermore, the configuration of these components provides for the correct orientation of the plastic molecules which results in greater strength of these components.

It will be appreciated that many modifications or variations of the invention are possible without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention.

DATED THIS 28TH DAY OF JANUARY 2004

SPOOR & FISHER

APPLICANT'S PATENT ATTORNEYS

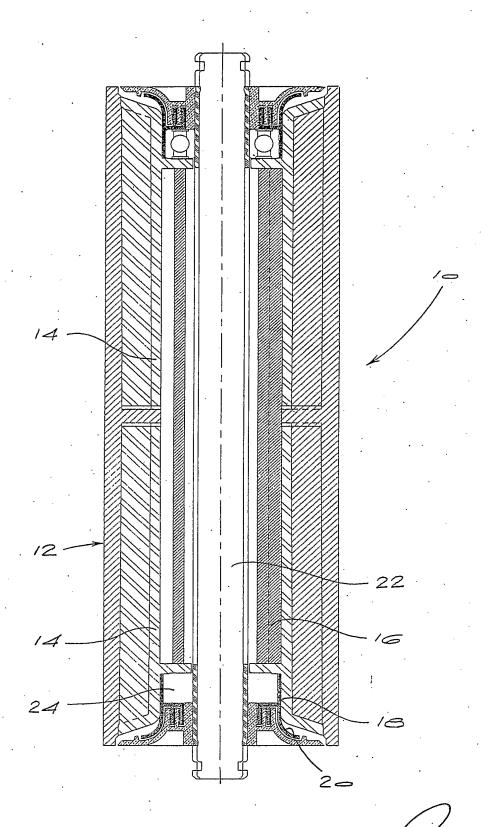


Fig.1

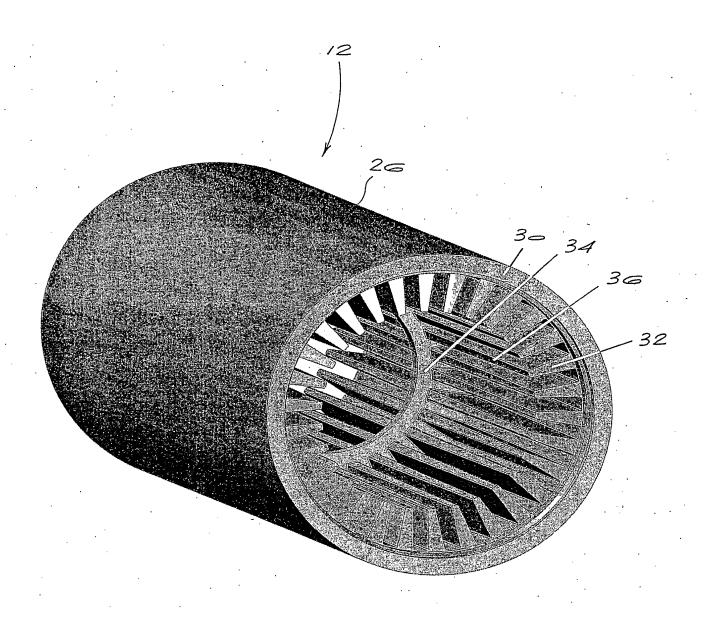
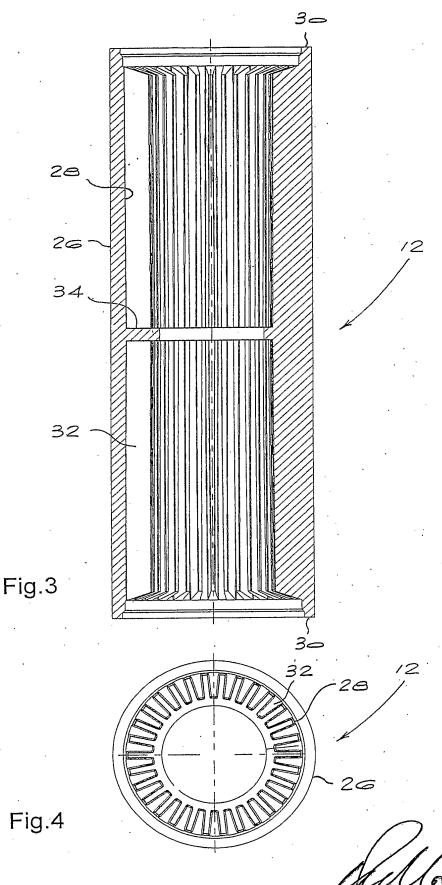


Fig.2



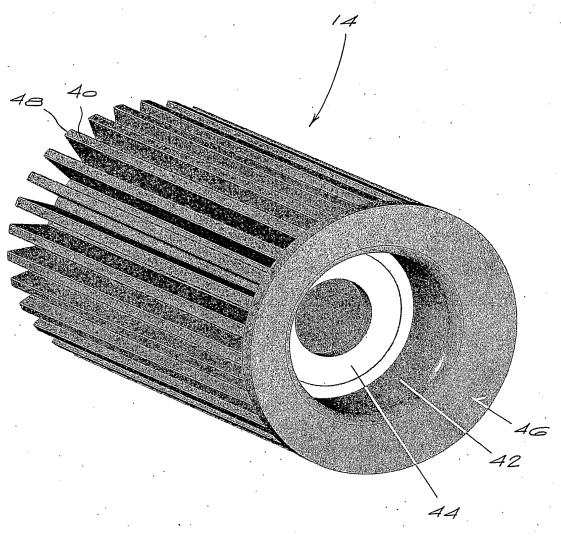
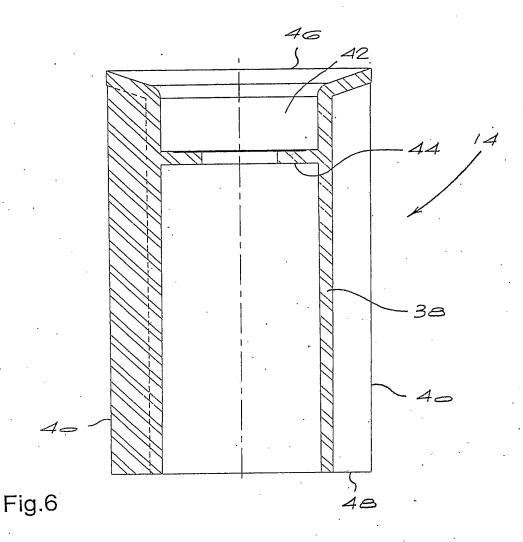


Fig.5



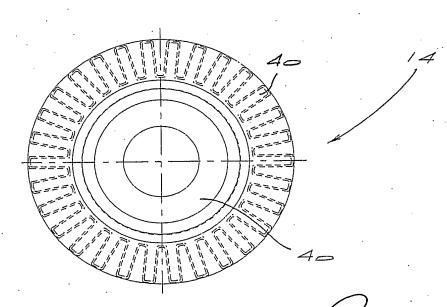


Fig.7

- 2004/0679

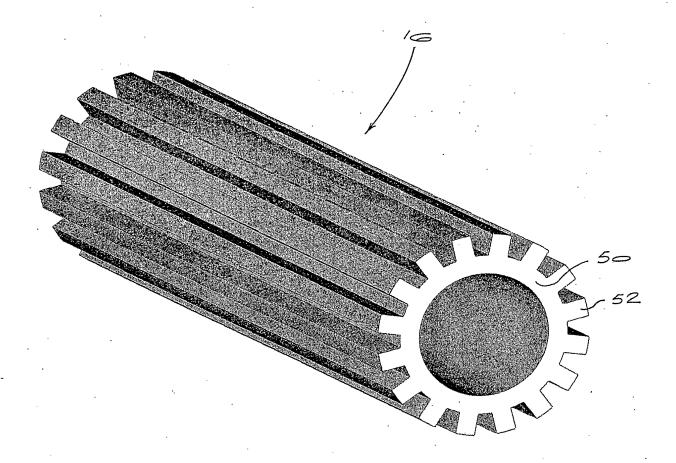


Fig.8

